**1, words**

monochrome/ˈmɒnəkrəʊm / adj. 黑白的

the rustle of the leaves in the wind : 风中树叶的沙沙作响声

tier-2 city : 二线城市

sit across from sb. : 互相对坐着

scientific notation : 科学计数法

fractional : 分数，小数的

help out with: to help sb. especially in a difficult situation.

ergonomic: 人体工程学

out of the question : (impossible or not allowed)不可能的

hyphen : “-” 连接符

dash: “——”破折号

cockpit : (飞机或赛车的)驾驶舱，驾驶座

parameter: 形参（计算机术语）

argument : 实参（计算机术语）

over/within budget: 超出/未超 预算

proportion [n.] 部分; 倍数

e.g. Water covers large proportion of the earth’s surface.

**in proportion to** : 和…成比例。

e.g. People are not simply wise **in proportion to** how much experience they have.

人的睿智不一定和他们的经验成正比。

in terms of : 就……而言；考虑到

e.g. This job is good in terms of salary, but it has its disadvantages.

bias [n. U. C. usually single] 偏见

e.g. Some institutions still have a strong bias against woman.

**2, Household appliance/əˈplaɪ.əns/ : 家用电器**

an electric kettle : 电热水壶

refrigerator : 冰箱

**3, Mathematics : 数学**

positional notation ： 进制

binary : 二进制

decimal : 十进制

octal number : 八进制

hexadecimal : 16进制

denominator: 分母

numerator: 分子

**4, disease: 疾病**

diabetes /ˌdaɪ.əˈbiː.tiːz/ : 糖尿病

rhinitis /raɪˈnaɪ.tɪs/[n. C.] 鼻炎

**5, toiletries : 洗漱用品。**

注意，toiletries不是复数，是专有名词。

body wash: 沐浴露

moisturizing cream / moisturizer / skin cream : 护肤霜

toothpaste : 牙膏

toothbrush : 牙刷

shampoo : 洗头膏

**6, make up : 化妆品**

moisturizer : 护肤霜

a moisturizing cream : 护肤霜

apply sun cream : 涂防晒霜

**7, Job and Occupation: 工作和职位**

vacancy : 职位空缺

**8, character : 性格**

disposition [formal] [n. C. usually single]: 性格

e.g. a reflective disposition : 一个善于反思的性格

**9, illness**

have an injection: 打针

to give an injection: 给某人打针

prone [adj.]: 易于遭受的

e.g. prone to injuries/illness: 容易受伤/生病

**10, school**

attend college/university: 上大学

admit [vt.] 接收(入学)

e.g. Jane was admitted to a university.

**11, people**

pedestrian /pəˈdes.tri.ən/ [n.][C.] 步行者

[adj.] 步行者用的 e.g. pedestrian area : 步行区

**12, weather**

overcast [adj.] 阴天。

**#, others**

stand up (to remain valid even when tested) : 经得起

scrutiny [n. C.] : 考验；检查

e.g. His argument doesn’t really stand up to scrutiny.

likewise [adv.] 同样地；

e.g. He expected his colleagues to do likewise.

innate /ɪˈneɪt/ [adj.] 天生的

obsolete /ˌɒb.səlˈiːt/ [adj.] 过时的。e.g. obsolete technology.

recipe /ˈres.ə.pi/ [n. C.] 1.食谱；2.秘诀

e.g. a recipe for success : 成功的秘诀。 a recipe for disaster : 失败的方法。

simultaneous(=synchronous) [adj.]同步的

sage [n.] a very wise person. 先贤

mutual [adj.] 相互的；共同的；

mutually [adv.] 相互地；

exclusive [ad.] 排斥的；不包括的；

e.g. mutually exclusive: 相互排斥。

e.g. Intelligence and wisdom are not mutually exclusive.

forgetful [adj.] 健忘的；

absent-minded / distracted : 心不在焉的；不专注的；

whereas [conj.] 然而 -conj. is short for conjunction, and it means “连词”

notorious [adj.] 声名狼藉的

e.g. The country is notorious for its appalling working conditions.

(appalling [adj.] 使人震惊的)

part of speech : 词性。（n. adj…etc）

英语共有8个词性

noun, pronoun, verb, adjective, adverb, preposition, conjunction, and interjection

descend into sth. (no passive): to gradually get into a bad state (逐渐陷入)

e.g. The country was descending into chaos.